

particular Note &

THE TRIBUNE.

FRIDAY - FEBRUARY 6, 1857.

IMPORTANT FROM NICARAGUA.

NEW ORLEANS, JNU. 30.

The steamship Empire City is below, coming up, from Ixianas.

The dispatches from the Belize state that the Granada touched at Greytown and brought off 51 of Walker recruits.

Greytown was in the possession of the Costa Ricans.

Gen. Walker had not been heard from for three weeks. The Costa Ricans being in possession of Greytown cuts off his communication with the Atlantic coast.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.

The anxiously expected correspondence between Gen. Scott and the Secretary of War, relative to the former's pay, was sent to the Senate to-day. It is now exclusively in the possession of the committee on military affairs, who will make an examination and determine whether it can with propriety be printed. If not, it will be filed among the secret archives of the government.

The members of the select committee say they will sit 8 or 10 hours a day if necessary in order to complete taking testimony this week.

The Deputy Sergeant-at-Arms has gone from the city for witnesses.

The committee on foreign affairs in the House will report a French spoliation bill, but its friends will not attempt its consideration, owing to a pressure of other business and for want of time for its due consideration.

The committee on elections have formally decided to report a resolution declaring vacant the seat held by Whipple, but making no recommendation relative to reelect.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 2.

Florida dates to the 15th, state that a requisition has been made by Gen. Harney, for three companies of troops within 30 days. The Indians are supposed to be concentrated near New Smyrna. Plans have been laid for the troops to surround and intercept them.

SAD NEWS FROM NICARAGUA.—The private intelligence that reaches us from the seat of war in Nicaragua is even more distressing than that we receive through the papers. We have seen a letter from E. E. Seales, son of Dr. Seales, who states that out of the large and gallant party which left this city last June under the command of Col. Allen, only eight remain alive. George Burnett, a very estimable and well known young man, died on the afternoon of the day the letter was written—December 20. Warden Pope was also dead. The writer further states that he had not changed his clothing for four months, and that he and all his comrades were covered with vermin. A change of raiment was promised them on the 1st of January, but there was no prospect of the promises being fulfilled.

Low. Jour.

THE DISEASE PRESTON S. BROOKS DIED OF.—At the Pathological Society, on Wednesday evening, Dr. Alonzo Clark exhibited a specimen of *Edema of the Liver*—a comparatively rare disease—remarking that persons who die of it were generally supposed to die of dropsy. Hon. Preston S. Brooks, doubtless, died of this and not of dropsy, as was reported. So, probably, did George Washington. The effusion which proves fatal is the result of acute inflammation, and always comes on very rapidly. This is the disease which Dr. Buck, of this city, has successfully treated by scrofulization. Several articles of his upon the subject have been published in the National Medical Transactions. The trouble is, however, to discover what the exact difficulty is—the patient generally dying before it is recognized.—N. Y. Times.

DEMOCRATIC VIEW OF PORTORICO SOVEREIGNTY.—In adding to the question of slavery in the Territories the *Providence*, Buchanan's special and confidential organ, speaks of "that view" of the subject "which has been so widely ascertained in the North and so generously endorsed in the South, that a legally elected Territorial Legislature has the right to prohibit slavery in a Territory." Here is Squatter Sovereignty for you, pure and undefiled. Here is the doctrine presented by Mr. Buchanan's home organ, and which it declares has been "generously endorsed in the South." When and by whom? We call the attention of our neighbors of the *Examiner* and *Enterprise* to the heretical teaching of old Buck's confidential organ. It is more than probable that Senator Bigler interpreted Buchanan's views on the subject correctly. In fact, it is almost certain that he did. And this being so, we call upon all our Southern Democratic contemporaries to open their batteries upon the new President at once.—Richmond *Herald*.

WHAT NEED OF AMERICANS.—Our Democratic friends will be sorry to hear of the resignation of Mr. H. Kalman, the postmaster at Greensboro. The cause of his resignation is, as we have been told, that he failed to vote for B. and B., which exasperated his foreign-loving brethren so much that it was asked of him why he failed to toe the mark. It can be seen that he had never been naturalized, and could not face some of Sam's boys, who made it their business to challenge every foreigner offering to vote. And yet this man has been, as we have been informed, voting regularly in all elections and holding an office of great trust under the General Government. Will any say there is no necessity for an American party?—Low. *Statesman*.

From statements recently made by Mr. Bruce, of the House of Representatives, of the United States, it is replied to the assertion that the slaveholding States are behind others in improvements, it appears that the whole population of the New England States, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, amount to 6,626,000; that the population of the slave States of Delaware, Maryland, Tennessee, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia amounts to 2,723,079; that the miles of road completed in the free States mentioned amounts to 3,074 and those in the slave States to 3,912—showing that the ratio of road to population at the South is 50 per cent. greater than at the North. Those above are the original thirteen States, and the proper ones for comparison.

The Knossville (Tenn.) Whig states from personal observation that from the amount of wheat, corn, &c., produced in the state, it will be more than three million bushels produced in the thirty counties of East Tennessee the next season, should it continue favorable.

GREAT BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES.

A CONTRAST.—The N. Y. *Times* institutes a contrast between Great Britain and the United States, highly flattering to the latter. We abstract the principal features. The treasury returns for 1856 show that the outstanding public debt of the federal government of the United States amounted to \$32,727,000; while the public debt of the various States amounted to \$19,718,000—forming together only \$22,000,000. The public debt of Great Britain before the late war was £797,000,000, to which £21,000,000 new loans were added during the war—total £103,033,000 sterling, or about \$4,09,000,000. The indirect taxation paid by the people of the United States for the support of the government, in the shape of import duties, amounts to \$64,000,000. The direct and indirect taxation paid by the people of Great Britain for the support of the crown, in the way of customs and excise duties, stamps, income tax and property tax, amounts to £61,000,000 sterling, or about five-tell the burden of the people of the United States. The expenses of the British government are thus, in our currency, for a single year, \$322,020,000, or about one hundred millions more than the whole principal of the public debt of the Federal and State Governments. The treasury returns also show that our system of railways, which embraces about 23,242 miles stands in capital and funded debt \$736,000,000, though costing, by the aid of State and city loans, about \$29,739,400 or \$35,700 per mile, while the system of Great Britain, embracing only 3,334 miles, stands in capital and funded debt \$1,617,000,000, or \$495,135 per mile. And further appears that the whole railway debt of this country, in the shape of mortgages and debentures, is \$342,286,000, while the same incumbrances upon the English system reaches nearly this sum in debentures alone, say \$375,200,000, while including what are known as preference shares, the sum total is \$639,900,000.

SCARLET FEVER.—This disease is prevailing to a considerable extent in some sections of the Western country, and may have its cases among our readers. Various remedies and alleviations have been published; but we have more faith in the following prescription that any other:

From the first day of the illness, and as soon as we are sure of its nature, the patient must be rubbed morning and evening over the whole body with a piece of bacon, in such a manner that with the exception of the head, a covering of fat is everywhere applied. In order to make this rubbing in somewhat easier, it is best to take a piece of bacon the size of the hand, that we may have a firm grasp. On the soft side of this, slips are to be made in order to allow the oozing out of the fat. The rubbing must be thoroughly performed, and not too quickly, in order that the skin may regularly be saturated with the fat. The beneficial results of the application are soon obvious; and with a rapidity bordering on magic, all, even the most painful symptoms of the disease are allayed; quiet sleep, good humor, and the appetite return, and there remains only the impatience to quit the sick room.

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DISPERSION OF THE PRESENT ADMINISTRATION.—A Washington letter says:

"The members of the present administration are making their arrangements for withdrawal after the 4th of March. It is probable that the President will remain here until the middle of March, and then visit Cuba for a month or more. Mrs. Pierce's health has always been feeble, and her physician's advice against the sudden change from this climate to that of New England in the Spring, owing to a pulmonary tendency. The family are much urged to make a tour of the Southern States, but Mrs. Pierce has invariably shunned from the demonstration that would necessarily attend such movements, and these invitations will hardly be accepted. Mr. Marcy is established so comfortably in the west end that he will probably let another quarter day roll over his head after the 4th of March, especially as his former residence at Albany has been recently sold. Mr. Guthrie's establishment in Louisville has been kept open during his stay here, and will be ventilated early in March for his reception. Mr. McClelland, like a sensible man of business, will go at once back to his profession. Mr. Davis, after attending the executive session of the Senate to which he is elected—will visit Mississippi, and settle down again into a backwoods member of Congress. Mr. Dobbin entertains the purpose of seeking a genial climate, to recruit his health, which has suffered seriously by his labors here. Mr. Campbell will return immediately to Philadelphia, and Mr. Micawber, may wait for something to turn up. In a few months more the Administration will pass into history, and the man who composes it, into comparative oblivion. Such is the fate of political honors."

THE BEAUTIES OF "DEMOCRACY."—The following is a list of the recently elected Democratic Central Committee of New York, which we clip from the N. Y. *Courier*. Do we not want a little more American?

Patrick Welsh John McDeano
Patrick Coyle John McCleve
Patrick Dougherty John D. McGregor
Patrick Garick J. W. McKeve
Patrick Gallagher W. H. McKorkle
Patrick Burns Thos. McPendon
Patrick McElroy John McConnel
Patrick Materson Henry McDonald
Patrick Galloyn Francis Donnelly
Michael Murray James Byrnes
Michael Burns Daniel Maher
Michael Goulding James Fitzgerald
Michael Hayes Wm. Cleary
Michael Anthony Martin Gilmarin
Michael Halpin Isabella Rynders
Michael Donohoo Bernhard Kelley
Hugh O'Neal Maurice Harrigan
Charles O'Connor John Sennell
John O'Toole James Reddy
Thomas O'Riley Edward Ryan
A. J. McCarty James Cartey
John McNally Matthew Daly
Norman McLeod James Kehoe
T. McNight Richard Dougherty
Deans McCarthy Bernard Reilly
B. H. McCullough Hugh Moony
Thomas McManus John Darral
Wm. McConkey Dennis F. Rool

A few well known politicians, and two or three Germans complete the list.

THE CHINESE SUGAR MILL.—An agricultural correspondent of the *Scientific American* says he found a sugar mill and pressed about half a bushel of the canes of the sugar mill, which he supposed to be worthless, from being tooled with frost, and obtained a quart of excellent molasses from the juice by separation. He judges that the square rod of ground planted—if the canes had all been used, would have produced with four gallons of molasses, or at the rate of 640 gallons per acre. Such a crop would have proved valuable the last year, since sugar and molasses are high.

THE HOT DECEMBER.—The disease among hogs, which has been so fatal at the West, has made its appearance in Massachusetts within the past few weeks. The *Boston Traveler* says:

In several towns in this vicinity, as we are informed, about seventy-five hogs have died with great rapidity after they were attacked. One lot of twenty-three was sent from a town in this region to Henniker, N. H., a few days since, and at least accounts all but two were dead.

In some cases the hogs are well at night, eating their food as usual, but are found dead in their pens in the morning.

As yet the mortality is noticeable more for its singularity and suddenness, than for its extent. No remedy has yet been discovered.

It is to be hoped that the disease will not spread.

THE NEW ENGLAND PIN COMPANY, of Winsted, Connecticut, have just started a new machine for sewing pins upon papers. It selects the little indispensable from a pile and stretches them in a continuous row upon narrow strips of paper, at the rate of 300 per minute.

Educa (Aba. Whig).

A WRINKLE ABOUT THE AGE OF HONOR.—A few days ago we met a gentleman from Alabama, who gave us a piece of information in regard to telling the age of a horse, after he or she has passed the age of nine years, which is new to us, and will be, we are sure, to most of our readers. It is this; after the horse is nine years old, a wrinkle comes on the eyelid at the upper corner of the lower lid, and every year thereafter he has one well defined wrinkle for each year. If, for instance, a horse has three wrinkles, he is twelve; if four, he is thirteen. Add the number of wrinkles to nine and you have it. So says the gentleman, and he is confident it will never fail. As a good many have horses over nine, it is easily tried. If it is true, the horse dentist must give up his trade.—*Southern Farmer*.

Two youths who had been skating near Lewiston, Tenn., were attacked with violent cramps and inflammation, and one of them died from the effects on Friday of last week. It is conjectured they had been heated and then laid down upon the ice.

A REASONABLE NOTICE.

I am now prepared to fill all orders for the best quality of MOULD CANDLES, by the box, &c. Louisvile.

T. J. SHINDLEBOWER.

jan 20, '57 51

JAS. E. GILLESPIE,
Near Danville, Ky.

jan 20, '57 51

J. C. MCKAY.

jan 20, '57 51

THE JACK FOR SALE!

I OFFER for sale a superior

YOUNG JACK, four years old, was

born in Marzo, 15 hands high; was

bred by Mr. Wm. Smith, of

Marion, Tenn., and is in

excellent condition.

He has been well fed and

well taken care of.

He is a good horse and

will be a good mount.

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The Kentucky Tribune.

JNO. F. ZIMMERMAN & SON—EDITORS.



DANVILLE:

Friday, ::::: Feb. 6, 1857.

The regular February Term of our Circuit Court commenced on Monday last—Hon. Thos. E. BRAMLETTE presiding. The time of the Court thus far has been principally occupied in the hearing and decision of common law cases—and we believe nothing has been done of special or general interest.—Judge Bramlette seems perfectly "at home" on the judicial bench, and dispatches the business of his courts with a readiness and rapidity that show his entire acquaintance with the duties of the office. It is saddening to miss from the bench the old familiar face of Judge BRIDGES, who for many years performed the duties of Judge of our circuit with commanding ability, but as the weight of declining years have caused that old patriarch of the judiciary to retire from the arduous labors of office, it is gratifying to see his place filled by one well qualified to discharge the duties of the position. Judge Bramlette, we learn, enjoys in a very high degree the confidence and respect of the bar, and has already by the dignity and firmness which he unites with his uniform kind and courteous deportment as a presiding officer, made himself popular as a Judge with the masses of the people. The circuit is fortunate in having secured the services of such an excellent and reliable man, and such an able lawyer, as Judge Bramlette.

A large number of distinguished lawyers from abroad, are in attendance at the present term of our Circuit Court. E. L. VANWINKLE, Esq., our popular and talented Attorney for the Commonwealth, is of course on hand, winning here, as elsewhere else, hosts of friends and admirers.

HENDERSON FEMALE INSTITUTE.—The second half of the first ten months session of this institution, will commence on Monday next. Mr. METCHMORE, the Principal, has competent assistants, and is building up an institution of learning, well worthy the attention of parents and guardians who may have daughters or wards to educate.

DANVILLE FEMALE ACADEMY.—As will be seen by reference to an advertisement in another column, the Trustees of this institution have secured the services of Rev. A. POMROY, of Jackson, Miss., as Principal of the school. Mr. P. is expected to enter upon his duties at an early day. We are informed that he is admirably suited for the position of Principal, having had twenty years experience in the different branches of female education. The Academy commenced its second session on Monday last.

SOMETHING NEW.—WHEELER has now at his popular Ambrotype Gallery, a handsome variety of new and beautiful cases. One style particularly attracted our attention by its original and striking beauty. It is ornamented with an English scene taken from Addison's Spectator, representing Sir Roger de Coverly in consultation with a group of fortunetelling Gypsies. It is a splendid case, and when filled with one of Wheeler's magnificent pictures, would make a most desirable ornament for the parlor table. He has also several elegant styles of pendant cases, embracing both gilt and rosewood; besides a large variety of others "too numerous to mention."

Mr. REEDS, the distinguished portrait painter, can now be found at Wheeler's Gallery.

A HANDSOME SIGN.—The finest and most beautiful sign which we recollect of ever having seen in this place, has just been painted by Mr. C. BURCH, for Wheeler & Bro. The style in which it is painted, we believe is called the "oriental," and certainly cannot be excelled for beauty of appearance. Persons wishing signs painted, we think will be pleased with this new style, which is well adapted especially to small signs of every description. The specimen to which we have referred is... well executed.

PACIFIC EMIGRATION.—A movement in the city of New York, among the California merchants, shippers, and others interested in the trade of the Pacific, to remove the obstructions to her progress in population and settlement, has... been noticed.

The name associated with the enterprise afford a guarantee of its respectability and integrity. Their plan of operations appears to be, to thoroughly inform the Eastern world of the nature and capacity of California resources; to open the lands to settlement and cultivation, and by means of a good wagon road overland, guarded by government troops (a bill for which is already before Congress), and additional and cheaper accommodation for emigration. This movement includes the friends of Oregon also.

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Seneca Lake, New York, is now frozen over for the first time since the settlement of the country.

The Lexington *Statesman* announces Col. JAMES H. GARRARD, of this county, as the Democratic candidate for the office of State Treasurer. Col. Garrard was the Democratic candidate for the same office in 1855. The election will take place in August next, the Constitution limiting the term of the State Treasurer to two years.

Barnum is dangerously ill in London. His trip there is said to be a failure.

A TRIUMPH OF AMERICAN PRINCIPLE.—In the lower House of Congress, on Saturday last, the bill was taken up authorizing the election of delegates to form a State Government and Constitution for Oregon. Hon. Humphrey Marshall then offered an amendment to the bill, confining the right of suffrage to citizens of the United States, at the election of the delegates. The amendment was adopted by a vote of 71 to 49. This is very justly regarded as a victory of American principles—and that too, where such a victory just now was least expected to be achieved. It is a clear repudiation of the alien feature of the Kansas bill, and a signal rebuke to the Buchanan Democrats who incorporated that principle into the Democratic platform and advocated it during the recent canvass. The American party has been defeated, but the American sentiment is fast obtaining the ascendancy in the minds of the people.

THE DAMAGE TO THE MILLS.—The damage to the Dix river mills, by the breaking up of the ice in that stream, though quite serious, was not so general as at first supposed and reported.—The dam of Gaines' mill is almost entirely gone—the small portion left, being not sufficient to warrant any attempt to repair it. We suppose that Mr. G. will construct a new dam as soon as possible. Bellows' and Rice's dams, also, we learn, were much injured, and will probably have to be rebuilt. Catron's dam was lightly injured, but the damage, we believe, has been repaired, and the mill is now running. The temporary suspension of the three first mentioned mills, will, perhaps, cause considerable inconvenience in their respective neighborhoods; but the energy of their owners, will doubtless be exerted to put them in order again at the earliest possible time.

THE RIVERS.—The ice in the Ohio had not broken up at least accounts. Our Louisville paper of Wednesday, however, report the river at that point as rising rapidly, with every prospect of the ice giving way very soon. There is now a good stage of water for the resumption of navigation as soon as the break-up occurs. The river is also rising fast at Cincinnati. The ice has broken up in the Kentucky, and a freshet is expected in that stream, as it is reported to have risen at its head waters about twenty-five feet. A dispatch from St. Louis of the 3d, reports a rapid thaw, and the river there was expected to break up hourly.

The "American Organ," published at Washington, is one of the very best papers upon our exchange list. It is always filled with interesting political and miscellaneous reading, and the fact that VESTASIAN ELLIS, Esq., still presides over the editorial department, is a sufficient guaranty of its ability. The Organ should be liberally sustained by the Americans of the whole country. It is important that the party should have a well supported organ at the national capitol. Terms, \$2 per annum in advance.

The editor of the Richmond *Messenger* is in luck. He has married a beautiful wife—has gone to house-keeping, and been receiving presents. One lady sent him a choice ham; another a jar of catsup; another a nice piece of beef; and still another some hominy. The editor of the *Democrat*, published in the same town, is also acknowledging the kindness of his friends, one of whom has sent him "a jug of Bourbon buttermilk," (otherwise "roll-eye.") Friend Turner seems to relish the joke mightily.

A bill has passed the House of Representatives of Congress, to increase the pay of the officers of the U. S. Army by the decisive vote of 130 to 62. This bill proposes to increase the pay of each officer twenty dollars a month, and to fix the money, but of the ration at thirty cents instead of twenty, the increase to commence with the present fiscal year (the first of July last.) The measure appears to receive general approbation. It has yet to receive the assent of the Senate.

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AMERICANS DISPLACED BY FOREIGNERS.—The new Mayor of Brooklyn has just turned seven American-born citizens out of the Police of that city and appointed Irishmen in their place. The *New York Times*—which is not devoted to the interests of the American party, remarks as follows upon the subject:—"Has it been proved by experience in Brooklyn that no man is fit for a policeman unless he was born in Ireland—and especially that he is clearly unfit if he was born in this country? Is it absolutely indispensable to the preservation of law and order, that every policeman should be called Patrick, or Michael, or McGuire, and have a good touch of the brogue with other national peculiarities to match? Is there nobody fit to be trusted with the star and club—nobody familiar enough with American law—nobody competent to bid a 'false thief stand'—but an Irishman just from Ireland?"

IT IS SUGGESTED that the Government provide stamped wrappers for news-papers.

SECRET fever is prevailing extensively throughout Mississippi—especially in the northern counties.

THE INDIANA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES has passed a bill to repeal the liquor law of 1855, by a vote of 70 to 18.

A LITTLE GIRL in Waterville Ct., more than a year ago swallowed a needle, and on New Year's day it came out of her knee.

ON MONDAY, the 5th inst., the entire American ticket for municipal officers was elected in Helena, Ark., by a majority of about 30.

J. R. GIDDINGS has been compelled to leave his seat in Congress and return home. It is thought that he will never recover from his late attack.

IT IS THOUGHT that the recent cold weather has not seriously injured the prospects of a good fruit crop the coming season.

OUR READERS can judge of the intensity of the cold at the South, from the fact that, on the 16th ult., a negro man was frozen to death at Vicksburg, Mississippi.

MAJOR POWELL, of Brooklyn, New York, has removed every American in the police force of the city, and appointed Irishmen to the stations. His motto is: Put no Americans on guard.

THE HENDERSON (Ky.) REPORTER, of the 29th inst., expresses its preference for Ex-Governor L. W. Powell, as Secretary of the Navy, under the new administration.

DESTITUTION.—It is stated that there are full three hundred families of free negroes within the limits of Cincinnati, in a state of utter destitution and want—all objects of misery, and depending solely upon charity to sustain life.

AT LONDON, a few weeks since, a man was playing with a cat, when the animal seized one of his fingers with its teeth so tightly that he had great difficulty in shaking it off. At night he became unwell, and afterwards went into St. Bartholomew's Hospital, where the injured finger mortified, and he died.

AMONG THE MANY sharp things in "Porter's Spirit" is the following, which, considering the recent spell of cold weather, is about as sharp as need be.

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ON THE 20th ult., eleven fires occurred in New York city, destroying a large amount of property. The fire-bells commenced ringing before daylight, and ceased for only brief intervals during the day and night.

WITHIN TWO WEEKS past, Mr. Thurston, Cashier of the Bank of Louisville; Captain I. S. Morehead, the well known steamboat agent; T. Thornton, Esq.; E. P. Pope; and James E. Breed, all old and esteemed citizens of Louisville and vicinity, have died.

THE LOUISVILLE COURIER says: "An unusual amount of severe and fatal sickness has prevailed in this city and vicinity during the last few weeks—the result, probably, of the recent severe cold and inclement weather." The *Democrat*, of the same city, says several cases of small pox are reported, and calls upon the authorities to adopt measures to prevent the spread of the disease.

SOME OF THE LEADING "Democratic" journals of the North assert that the Buchanan party are even more anxious than the Republicans to make Kansas a free State.

FIVE IRISHMEN and one Missourian own a claim near Grass Valley, Cal., that yields \$30,000 worth of the precious mineral every week. As the weekly expenses are only \$1,500 it will be seen that they are accumulating a princely fortune.

MR. JAMES KIRK died at his residence, about two miles from Lebanon, on Monday night, the 19th inst., at the advanced age of 99 years. He served in the revolutionary army, as well as during the war of 1812.

THE DUBUQUE (Iowa) REPORTER, of a late date, contains the names of twenty-six persons who froze to death in Minnesota and Iowa. It says that upwards of fifty have perished the same way in the twenty days past.

THE HON. PRESTON KING has been nominated by a caucus of the Republican members of the New York Legislature as a candidate for United States Senator, to succeed the Hon. Hamilton Fish, whose term will expire on the 4th of March next. The nomination is equivalent to an election, as the Republicans have a decided majority on joint ballot in the Legislature.

THE CAUCUS of the Democratic members of the Legislature of Indiana have nominated the Hon. Jesse D. Bright and Dr. Fitch as candidates for the United States Senate. They also recommended Gov. Wright for a seat in the Cabinet.

BARNUM is dangerously ill in London. His trip there is said to be a failure.

IT IS SUGGESTED that the Government provide stamped wrappers for news-papers.

THE AMERICAN TICKET was unsuccessful for municipal officers in Atlanta, Ga., on Monday last.

SECRET fever is prevailing extensively throughout Mississippi—especially in the northern counties.

THE INDIANA HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES has passed a bill to repeal the liquor law of 1855, by a vote of 70 to 18.

A LITTLE GIRL in Waterville Ct., more than a year ago swallowed a needle, and on New Year's day it came out of her knee.

ON MONDAY, the 5th inst., the entire American ticket for municipal officers was elected in Helena, Ark., by a majority of about 30.

J. R. GIDDINGS has been compelled to leave his seat in Congress and return home. It is thought that he will never recover from his late attack.

IT IS THOUGHT that the recent cold weather has not seriously injured the prospects of a good fruit crop the coming season.

OUR READERS can judge of the intensity of the cold at the South, from the fact that, on the 16th ult., a negro man was frozen to death at Vicksburg, Mississippi.

MAJOR POWELL, of Brooklyn, New York, has removed every American in the police force of the city, and appointed Irishmen to the stations. His motto is: Put no Americans on guard.

THE HENDERSON (Ky.) REPORTER, of the 29th inst., expresses its preference for Ex-Governor L. W. Powell, as Secretary of the Navy, under the new administration.

DESTITUTION.—It is stated that there are full three hundred families of free negroes within the limits of Cincinnati, in a state of utter destitution and want—all objects of misery, and depending solely upon charity to sustain life.

AT LONDON, a few weeks since, a man was playing with a cat, when the animal seized one of his fingers with its teeth so tightly that he had great difficulty in shaking it off. At night he became unwell, and afterwards went into St. Bartholomew's Hospital, where the injured finger mortified, and he died.

AMONG THE MANY sharp things in "Porter's Spirit" is the following, which, considering the recent spell of cold weather, is about as sharp as need be.

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ON THE 20th ult., eleven fires occurred in New York city, destroying a large amount of property. The fire-bells commenced ringing before daylight, and ceased for only brief intervals during the day and night.

WITHIN TWO WEEKS past, Mr. Thurston, Cashier of the Bank of Louisville; Captain I. S. Morehead, the well known steamboat agent; T. Thornton, Esq.; E. P. Pope; and James E. Breed, all old and esteemed citizens of Louisville and vicinity, have died.

THE LOUISVILLE COURIER says: "An unusual amount of severe and fatal sickness has prevailed in this city and vicinity during the last few weeks—the result, probably, of the recent severe cold and inclement weather." The *Democrat*, of the same city, says several cases of small pox are reported, and calls upon the authorities to adopt measures to prevent the spread of the disease.

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SAD FATE OF KENTUCKIANS IN NICARAGUA.—The Louisville *Courier* gives the following extract from a letter received in that city from Mr. Joseph Winter, one of the Louisville recruits to Gen. Walker. It is dated Rivas, Dec. 20, 1856,

The Farmer's Column.



A farmer in Illinois has been trying experiments to ascertain the difference of value in cooked and uncooked feed for swine.

He gave, in 30 days, 405 pounds shelled corn to two hogs, and they gained 42 lbs. Gave in 30 days 270 lbs. of meal to two hogs, and they gained 30 lbs.

The feed was then reversed. The two that had been fed on corn, were fed on cooked meal, and the two that had been fed on cooked meal, were fed on corn, and the following was the result:

Gave, in 26 days 374 lbs. shelled corn; gain, 41 lbs. To the other two, he gave, in 26 days, 234 lbs. cooked meal; gain, 74 lbs.

Two other hogs, in 30 days, fed 290 lbs. boiled corn, and gained 102 lbs.

If these statements are facts, those who raise hogs can save very much by cooking the feed.

Another farmer, who sold milk, tried cooking food on his cows. Those kept on cooked food 7 days, gained 28 per cent, in the quantity of milk, and which was also improved very much in quality, and the saving on feed by cooking it, was 17 per cent; making an increase of milk and saving in feed together, 45 per cent.

HOW TO TRANSPLANT EVERGREENS. — The reader will, I trust, think it a privilege to put in practice the following suggestions in reference to planting evergreens, based upon successful experience:

Evergreen trees will thrive finely in the shade of others, and, as they can easily be made to live, there is no excuse to the owner of a dair yard, who has none of them to add beauty to his grounds. They should be dug when there is enough frost in the ground to cause the earth to adhere firmly, and to a considerable amount, to the roots, and then bury the whole mass to the same depth, exactly as before, covering the ground to the extent of several feet around with a thick mat of straw or leaves. This is done to retain moisture, and it may need watering occasionally during the summer.

The work of transplanting may be done best in the spring, and in most cases it is best not to prune the branches but little.

The common hemlock, grown in the yard or open field, makes a beautiful shade in summer, and it is fresh and charming to look upon in winter. Let those who can, do their homes-stands with evergreens.

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING.

'56, LATEST STYLES. '57.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.

Levenson & Brother

HAVE received and opened the largest and most superior stock of Clothing and Furnishing Goods ever brought to Central Kentucky. We have a large stock of Overcoats, Dives, Frock, Sack, and Box Coats, of all kinds and sizes, from the finest to the cheapest; Black and Faded Cloth, Cassimere and Jams; Pants; Velvet, plush, Satin, Silk, and Woolen Vests. Our stock of Furnishing Goods consists of everything that a gentleman could wish for.

Hats and Caps. Every description; India Rubber Goods, Walking Canes, Umbrellas, &c. &c.

Our new stock will challenge comparison with any stock of Goods in the country, for variety, quality, and price.

As we are willing to sell as cheap as possible, and feel confident of pleasing all who patronize us, we invite special attention to our stock just opened.

Our stock of **PIECE GOODS** embraces Cloths, Cassimere, Vestings, of all colors and prices, and as we have excellent workmen constantly employed to make up work, we are prepared to fill any order to the satisfaction of all in the trade.

G. W. HEWEY

S. H. I. continues the Undertaking Business in all its branches, and having now the exclusive agency of this county for the sale of

Fisk's Metalic Burial Case,

AND

Crane's Patent Burial Casket,

Undertakers in this and the adjoining towns and counties will be supplied on reasonable terms. Also, all kinds of Wood and Covered Coffins, made to order.

37 A handsome Hearse always in attendance, and Funeral cars attended to at any hour of the day or night.

G. W. HEWEY,

Aug 15, 31st, Danville.

Notice to Subscribers.

ALL persons having subscribed stock for the extension and completion of the Danville and Perryville Turnpike Road, are hereby notified that a call of twenty-five per cent. of the amount of each share will be due on the 1st day of July next, and until the sixty days thereafter, the stockholders will be entitled to the dividends, and until the whole shall be paid, to the use of the stockholders, and no doubt is entertained, from the rapid progress of the work, that the entire road will be finished by the 1st of January next; therefore, please call on C. HENRYSON, Esq. Treasurer, and pay up, as the money will be needed to pay contractors.

A. D. MEYER, Pres.

D. & P. T. R. Co.

ANTI-FREEZING

CHAIN PUMPS.

LIGHTNING BODS.

IS the largest ever brought to Danville, and can be recommended as being of superior manufacture.

Purchasers are invited to call and see our Goods, as we are prepared to sell them in quantity, style, quality, and price.

WELSH & NICHOLS.

WE are now receiving our immense stock of Fall and Winter Goods, purchased from the largest importing houses in the Eastern cities, and to be sold at low prices. The stock embraces the greatest variety —

LADIES' DRESS GOODS. Of innumerable different styles and prices.

Laces, Ribbons, Embroideries, Cloths, Tulle, and every other article for Ladies' wear. We have an unusually large supply of Cloth, Cassimere, and Vestings.

Staple Goods, and Goods for servants' wear, to all of which we invite the attention of buyers. Our stock also of

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Is the largest ever brought to Danville, and can be recommended as being of superior manufacture.

Purchasers are invited to call and see our Goods, as we are prepared to sell them in quantity, style, quality, and price.

PETER S. NEVUS.

Danville, July 4, '56.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to H. HAMILTON

Are requested to call and settle immediately.

W. C. ANDERSON, Trustee.

Aug 22, '56.

FOR SALE!

A HOUSE AND LOT IN the

A town of Danville, situated on Cemetery

street, immediately opposite the residence of

John D. Terhune, containing a fraction over a half acre. The house is a comfortable one, contains four rooms, and there is a variety of room on the lot now bearing.

I will sell the Property on accommodating terms. Any person wishing to purchase can apply to the subscriber living 6 miles from Danville, on the Knob Lick Road, at the Sulphur Spring.

PETER S. NEVUS.

Danville, July 4, '56.

WELSH & NICHOLS.

OUR new stock of Hardware, Cutlery, Iron, &c., &c., enables us to offer great inducements to purchasers in that line. Carpenter's Tools, and Builders' Hardware, of every description, constantly on hand. Also, Window Glass, Paints and Oils.

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